### **POSitive API**

You'll need to have an active Gold Subscription, and a recent version of a POSitive product to use the POSitive API. Contact POSitive for more information.

POSitive Software Company has decided to no longer create, and maintain, individual interfaces to specific services such as e-commerce sites, and has released an API that will allow developers to create custom interfaces for a variety of services.

What is an "API"?

An Application Programming Interface (API) is a set of subroutine definitions, communication protocols, and tools for building software. In general terms, it is a set of clearly defined methods of communication among various components in POSitive. APIs allow developers to save time by taking advantage of a platform's implementation to do the nitty-gritty work.

Think of an API as a box of building blocks, and each of the pieces represents a function within POSitive. A developer doesn't necessarily need to know the inner workings of POSitive, but they can look at the blocks and see the pieces they can use to build a connection between POSitive and another program. For example, the pieces that allow retrieving of inventory information, or uploading web orders to POSitive. This can reduce the amount of code developers need to create and helps create more consistency across apps for the same platform.

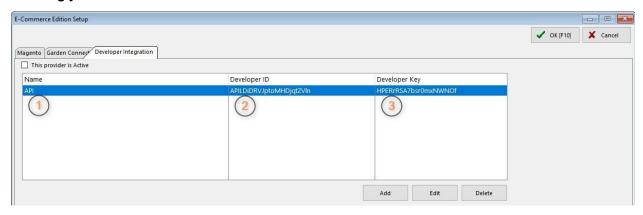
Documentation for the POSitive API is available here: POSitive API Documentation

POSitive does not currently offer development services for creating custom interfaces with the POSitive API. We recommend that customers find a developer who not only supports the product they wish to use, but is also familiar with API's. For example, if you wish to connect POSitive to Shopify, then you need to find a Shopify developer who is also familiar with API's.

# **POSitive API Setup**

The POSitive Anywhere web service must be running on your server in order to use the API. You'll need to have an active Gold Subscription in order to use POSitive Anywhere, and it may be necessary to update your POSitive registration key. Contact POSitive for more information.

#### **Creating your API Credentials**



In your POSitive product go to E-Commerce, Web Store Setup, Developer Integration. Click the Add button and enter the following:

- 1. Create a name to identify what these credentials are for. In our example it is for the API.
- 2. Create a Developer ID. This can be anything you want and may contain a mix of letters, numbers and special characters.
- 3. Create a Developer Key. Again, this can be anything you want and may contain a mix of letters, numbers and special characters.

Click OK to save your credentials, which you will also use in your interface to connect to POSitive's database.

### **API Fields**

Note: This information is subject to change. For latest Field listing go to: POSitive API Documentation

- <u>chartdata retrieve</u> Send your credentials to verify that you get back a valid response.
- credential check Send your credentials to verify that you get back a valid response.
- customer create Create a new Customer. Returns a unique Customer identifier.
- customer update Update Customer information
- <u>customer address create</u> Create billing or shipping address for a customer.
- customer address update Update a Customer address.
- <u>customer address list</u> Retrieves billing and shipping addresses for a specific customer.
- customer Info Returns Customer information for a specific Customer.
- <u>customer list</u> Lists all customers in blocks of 50. Returns total number of customer records and how many records were returned. Call this method with incrementing block numbers until the status returned is "no records retrieved".
- <u>customer udf update</u> Returns all Customer Categories along with their defined User Defined Fields and Options if applicable.

- <u>customer udf definitions list</u> List of products in blocks of 50. Returns total number of product records and how many records were returned. Call this method with incrementing block numbers until the status returned is "no records retrieved".
- <u>customer document update</u> Receive a document to be added to the Customer's stored documents. Documents with the same name as an existing document will be updated.
- <u>customer invoice summary list</u> Returns Customer Invoice Summary for a specific Customer. Use this list to retrieve individual invoice with transaction invoice info
- <u>department create</u> Create new department.
- divisions list Retrieve list of Divisions
- <u>product list</u> List of products in blocks of 50. Returns total number of product records and how many records were returned. Call this method with incrementing block numbers until the status returned is "no records retrieved".
- <u>product contract pricing list</u> Retrieve contract pricing by customerid, or by customerid/productid.
- <u>product department category list</u> Retrive contract pricing by customerid, or by customerid/productid.
- <u>product price groups list</u> List of product price groups.
- <u>product\_image\_list</u> Retrieve images by localproductid or productid. Images are returned as "primary", "thumbnail", or "additional"
- <u>product\_stock\_info</u> Returns stock information for a specific product
- transaction create Creates a transaction header.
- <u>transaction invoice info</u> Returns invoice header and detail
- transaction invoice list Returns invoice headers
- <u>transaction product taxrate</u> Retrieves the tax rate for a product, based on the customer tax group id and the product's category tax group id
- transaction payment create Creates a transaction payment for a specified transactionid.
- transaction pending info Returns pending transaction header and detail
- transaction pending list Returns pending transaction headers
- <u>tax\_customer\_group\_list</u> Customer Tax Group definitions. Each Customer is assigned to a tax group. Each tax group has individually defined Product Category tax groups and rates.
- <u>tax\_category\_group\_list\_Category Tax Group definitions.</u> Each Product Category is assigned a Category Tax Group. Category Tax Groups are then assigned Tax Rates.
- tax taxrate list Tax rates. Each Tax rate is assigned to a Category Tax Group.
- <u>tax category taxrate link list</u> Linking table, that links customer\_group\_id, category\_group\_id, and taxrate id
- <u>station list</u> Retrieve list of Stations and their settings
- system changes list List of changes

• <u>tender definitions list</u> Tax rates. Each Tax rate is assigned to a Category Tax Group.

### Sample API Workflow

```
Customers
-----
Creating a customer (core):
customer_create
customer address create (Billing)
customer_address_create (shipping)
Updating a customer (basic contact details):
customer update
updating a customer (billing address):
customer_address_update
Updating a customer (shipping address):
customer_address_update
Extended customer details (creating/updating):
customer udf definitions list
customer udf update
customer_document_update
Transactions
Creating pending Orders:
transaction_create
transaction_payment_create
If POStive tax system is required for customer orders, web dev can use:
transaction_product_taxrate
to receive the customer/category specific tax rates before the above transaction create is used
Lookup existing pending transaction
transaction_pending_list (groups of pending transactions)
transaction_pending_info (single pending transaction)
Lookup existing Invoices
transaction_invoice_list (groups of invoices)
transaction_invoice_info (single invoice)
Inventory
-----
tax_rates_list
tax_category_group_list
tax_category_taxrate_link_list
```

system\_changes\_list

Web dev should save the last successful system\_changes\_list call and then the next time it is called use this last unc date/time.

Depending on what was in the system\_changes\_list, make calls as required eg customer related, product related calls to update the website.

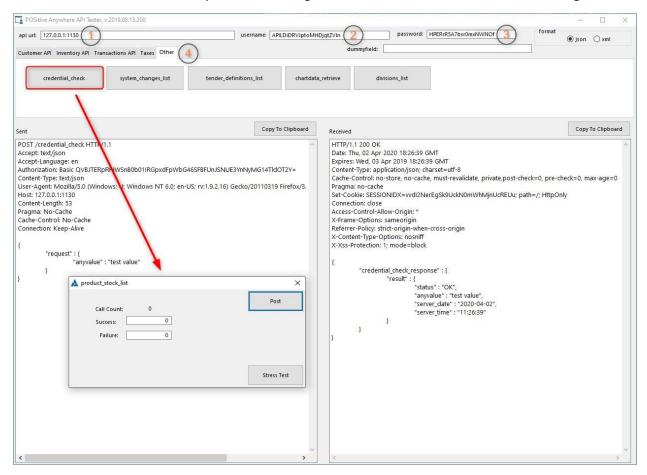
```
Example of customer_create
Sent:
{
        "customer": {
               "localcustomerid": "13779",
               "customertype": "P",
               "lookupcode": "test123",
               "email": "testadd@gmail.com",
               "company": "Generic Corp.",
               "firstname": "John",
               "lastname": "Brown",
               "homephone": "555-555-5555",
               "workphone": "556-556-5556",
               "cellphone": "",
               "faxphone": "",
               "taxvat": "",
               "taxgroupid": 0
       }
}
Received:
        "createcustomer_response" : {
               "result" : {
                       "status": "Success",
                       "localcustomerid": "13779",
                       "customerid": "26"
               }
       }
}
```

## **POSitive Anywhere API Tester**

The POSitive Anywhere API Tester utility allows you to confirm that you are connecting to the client database and you may download it here:

https://gopositive.com/downloads/positive/PositiveAnywhereTestApp.zip

To use it, make sure POSitive Anywhere is running at the client location and enter the following:



- 1. API URL: This is your POSitive Anywhere URL. For example: abc.positiveanywhere.com (Note: In our example we are using a local IP address.)
- Username: This is the Developer ID you entered in POSitive under E-Commerce, Web Store Setup, Developer Integration.
- 3. Password: This is the Developer Key you entered with the Developer ID.
- 4. Select an API post to test.

In our example we've selected Other, credential\_check. In the prompt box we left the values at 0 and posted. If everything is working properly you should see POSitive reply with a credential\_check\_response.